



HEALTH AND SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. **PRODUCT:** JOHNSTONE'S WOODWORKS Exterior Universal Primer **PAGE:** 1 of 6
REVISION: 5 **DATE:** 1.11.07
USE: A solvent-borne wood preservative for use only in preserving exterior timbers.
Application by brush or spray. For use only as a Wood Preservative.

2. **HAZARD IDENTIFICATION OF THE PREPARATION**

HARMFUL. FLAMMABLE. Also see section 11.

This product is cleared under the U.K. Government's 'The Control of Pesticides Regulations 1986' for use as directed. HSE No. 7070.
Refer to sections 15 and 16 for full classification and statutory conditions relating to use.

3. **COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard within the meaning of the CHIP Regulations or which are assigned Workplace Exposure Limits: -

Name	EC No	CAS No	Conc.Range	Symbol*	R-Phrases*
Naphtha (petroleum) hydrotreated heavy	265-150-3	64742-150-3	50-100%	Xn	R10,65,66
Solvent naphtha (petroleum) light aromatic	265-199-0	64742-95-6	5-10%	Xn.N	R10,20,36/37/38, 51/53,65
1-Ethoxy-2-propanol	216-374-5	1569-02-4	<2.5%	-	R10
Dichlofluamid	214-118-7	1085-98-9	0.5%	Xn.N	R20,36,43,50/53

* for full text see section 16.

4. **FIRST AID MEASURES**

General: In all cases of doubt or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing has stopped, administer artificial respiration. Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious, place in the recovery position and seek medical advice.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised skin cleaner. DO NOT USE SOLVENT OR THINNERS.

Eye Contact: Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding eyelids apart and seek medical advice.

Ingestion: If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. DO NOT induce vomiting.

5. **FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Extinguishing Media:

Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO₂, powder, water spray/mist

Not to be used: water jet

Recommendations: Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion (see section 10). Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

Appropriate self contained breathing apparatus may be required. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Do not allow run off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

6. **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Exclude non-essential personnel. Avoid breathing vapours. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Contain and collect spillages with non-combustible absorbent materials e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in a suitable container for disposal in accordance with the waste regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or water courses. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents. If the product enters drains or sewers, immediately contact the local water company; in case of contamination of streams, rivers or lakes, the relevant environment agency.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING: Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. They may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the Exposure Limit Values. In addition the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Keep the container tightly closed. Exclude sources of heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in storage and use areas. For Occupational Exposure Controls measures see section 8. Never use pressure to empty; the container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimise the risks of fire hazards. Prevent the generation and inhalation of harmful dust and fumes when preparing surfaces previously coated with lead containing paints, for further information see section 16 - 'Lead in previously painted surfaces'.

The **Manual Handling Operations Regulations** may apply to the handling of containers/packages of this product. To assist employers the following method of calculating the weight of any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity value given in section 9. This will give the net weight of the product in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.

STORAGE:

Store separately from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials.

The storage and use of this product is subject to the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR).

The requirements are given in the HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Storage of Dangerous Substances: DSEAR.

Flash point above 32°C: Although the storage of these products are not subject to specific statutory requirements, the principles contained in the HSE guidance note 'Storage of Flammable Liquids in Containers' should be observed. Observe label precautions. Store between 5°C and 25°C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers which are opened should be properly resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. The principles contained in the HSE guidance note Chemicals Warehousing: 'Storage of Packaged Dangerous Substances' should be observed when storing this product.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE CONTROLS: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and/or solvent vapours below the relevant Exposure Limit values, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be worn (see 'Personal Protection' below).

EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES:

Substance	Exposure Limit Values				Notations
	8 hr LTEL (1)		15 min STEL (2)		
	ppm	mg m ⁻³	ppm	mg m ⁻³	
White Spirit	-	100(SUP)	600(SUP)	-	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum) light aromatic	25(A)	125(A)	-	-	-
1-Ethoxy-2-propanol	100(A)	-	300(A)	-	(Sk)

(1) Long-term Exposure Limit - 8 hour Time-Weighted Average

(2) Short-term Exposure Limit - 15 mins time-Weighted Average

(W) Workplace Exposure Limit (WEL)

(SUP) Recommended by suppliers

(A) Allocated limits by analogy with similar materials

(Sk) Risk of absorption through unbroken skin

(Sen) Capable of causing sensitisation by inhalation

WEL's are taken from current version of EH40, except those marked (SUP) which are assigned by the supplier of the substance

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: All Personal Protective Equipment, including Respiratory Protective Equipment, used to control exposure to hazardous substances must be selected and maintained to meet the requirements of the COSHH Regulations.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: If exposure of the applicator or the people nearby cannot be controlled to below the Exposure Limit Values and engineering controls and methods cannot reasonably be improved, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

HAND PROTECTION: When skin exposure may occur, advice should be sought from glove suppliers on appropriate types and usage times for this product. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Barrier creams may help to protect exposed areas of skin but are not substitutes for full protection. They should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

EYE PROTECTION: Eye protection designed to protect against liquid splashes should be worn.

SKIN PROTECTION: Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normally suitable. Grossly contaminated clothing should be removed and the skin washed with soap and water or a recognised skin cleaner. Regular skin inspection of users of this product is recommended. ALWAYS WASH YOUR HANDS BEFORE EATING, SMOKING OR USING THE TOILET.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

physical state	liquid	
flash point	40°C	BS2000. Part 170
viscosity	5-10 secs	6mm ISO2431-1984 (23°C)
specific gravity	0.79 - 0.82 @ 20°C	
vapour density	Denser than air	
lower explosive limit	0.6% v/v @ 20°C	
solubility in water	immiscible	
boiling point	145°C (initial)	

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stable under the recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7). In a fire, hazardous decomposition products such as smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and oxides of nitrogen may be produced. Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials to prevent the possibility of an exothermic reaction.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There is no data available on the product itself. The product has been assessed following the conventional method in CHIP and is classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. See sections 2 and 15 for details of the resulting hazard classification.

Exposure to organic solvent vapours in excess of the stated Exposure Limit may result in adverse health effects such as irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory system and adverse effects on the renal and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Contains Dichlofluanid which may produce an allergic reaction. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may lead to removal of natural fats from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Splashes in the eye may cause irritation and local damage. Ingestion may result in the following effects: sore throat, abdominal pain, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Other effects may be as described for exposure to vapours. Liquid aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or from vomiting may result in lung damage.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There is no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or water courses or be deposited where it can affect ground or surface waters. The requirements of regulations made under the Pollution Prevention and Control Act may apply to the use of this product. The product has been assessed following the conventional method in CHIP and is classified for ecological hazards accordingly; see sections 2 and 15 for details. See also sections 5, 6 and 13.

Substance Classified as DfE (1)	Mobility (2)	Persistence and Biodegradability (2)	Other Adverse Effects
Solvent Naphtha light aromatic	Immiscible in water – will spread on surface possibly affecting oxygen transfer. Likely to evaporate readily	OECD - Readily biodegradable	LC50 1-10 mg/l
Dichlofluanid	Immiscible in water	OECD – Not Readily biodegradable	LC50 1-10 mg/l

(1) All substances listed in Section 3 and classified as Dangerous for the Environment (DfE).

(2) Information taken from suppliers' safety data sheet and relevant to impacts in the accidental release in storage, handling, use and disposal.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Do not allow into drains or water courses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected.

The classification of this product, when disposed of as waste is 07 04 04. If this product is mixed with other wastes, this code may no longer apply. If mixed with other wastes, the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information contact your local waste authority.

Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled waste and should be disposed of in accordance with regulations made under The Control of Pollution Act and The Environmental Protection Act.

Using information provided in this data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport within users premises: - Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Onwards transport subsequent to purchase: - Transport to be in accordance with ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air.

Proper shipping name:	Wood Preservatives, Liquid.	Technical name:	-
UN number:	1306	Marine Pollutant:	Yes
Hazard class:	3	Emergency Schedule:	F-E; S-E
Packing Group:	III	Flashpoint:	40°C
Sub-hazard class:	-		

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with the requirements of the Control of Pesticides Regulations 1986 and the CHIP Regulations as follows: -

Classification: HARMFUL. FLAMMABLE

Symbol: Xn

Names: Contains: Dichlofluanid 0.5% W/W and Naphtha (petroleum) hydrotreated heavy

R Phrases:

R10 Flammable

R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

P Phrases:

P99 Contains Dichlofluanid. May produce an allergic reaction

STATUTORY CONDITIONS RELATING TO USE. Refer to page 7.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Symbols and text of the R phrases in section 3: -

RISK PHRASES

R10 Flammable

R20 Harmful by inhalation

R36 Irritating to eyes

R37 Irritating to respiratory system

R38 Irritating to skin

R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact

R50 Very toxic to aquatic organisms

R51 Toxic to aquatic organisms

R53 May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

WARNING SYMBOLS

Xn Harmful

N Dangerous for the Environment

Xi Irritant

LEAD IN PREVIOUSLY PAINTED SURFACES

When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account must be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause adverse health effects.

As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960. Where possible wet flatting or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry flatting cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the occupational hygiene (COSHH) assessment, taking into account the occupational hygiene exposure standard for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area. Extra precautions will need to be taken when burning off old lead based paints as fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the occupational hygiene (COSHH) assessment.

The Code of Practice for the Control of Lead at Works (reference ISBN 07176 1506 5 1998) should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions.

Care should be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste, with the relevant documentation under the Hazardous Waste Regulations, The Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations, The Controlled Waste (Registration of Carriers and Seizure of Vehicles) Regulations and the Waste Management Licensing Regulations.

The information contained in the Health and Safety Data Sheet is provided in accordance with the requirements of the CHIP Regulations. The product should not be used for purposes other than those shown in section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the suppliers control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. This information contained in the safety data sheet is based on present knowledge and current national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications.

Further information and advice can be found in: -

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI2002:2677) and amendments
COSHH Essentials: easy steps to control chemicals (HSG193). Details of Control Guidance Sheets, which may be relevant to the particular conditions of use, can also be found in this publication.
Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002 (SI 1992:2793)
ACoP - Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002 (L138)
The Manual Handling Regulations 1992 (SI 1992:2793)
Chemical Warehousing: The Storage of Packaged Dangerous Substances (HSG51)
The Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1992 (SI 1992:2839)
A Guide to Working with Solvents (INDG 272)
HSE website www.hse.gov.uk

PRODUCT: JOHNSTONE'S WOODWORKS Exterior Universal Primer
REVISION: 5

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DATE: 1.11.07

FOR USE ONLY AS A WOOD PRESERVATIVE
CONTAINS: DICHLOFLUANID 0.5% W/W (4.0 g/l) and
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HYDROTREATED HEAVY

STATUTORY CONDITIONS RELATING TO USE:

APPLY BY BRUSH, SPRAY OR DIP.

BRUSH OR SPRAY: APPLY AT A RATE OF ONE LITRE OF PRODUCT PER 10-15 SQUARE METRES OF TIMBER SURFACE.

DIP: DIP FOR 10-30 MINUTES.

FLAMMABLE.

Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

Do not breathe spray. Otherwise wear respiratory protective equipment and eye protection (See HSE Guidance Booklet HS(G)53 "The Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Equipment – A Practical Guide.").

Use only in well ventilated areas.

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

DO NOT APPLY TO SURFACES on which food is stored, prepared or eaten.

UNPROTECTED PERSONS AND ANIMALS SHOULD BE KEPT AWAY FROM TREATED AREAS FOR 48 HOURS OR UNTIL SURFACES ARE DRY.

DO NOT CONTAMINATE FOODSTUFFS, EATING UTENSILS OR FOOD CONTACT SURFACES.

EXTREMELY DANGEROUS TO FISH AND OTHER AQUATIC LIFE.

REMOVE OR COVER ALL FISH TANKS AND BOWLS before application.

COVER WATER STORAGE TANKS before application.

Do not contaminate ground or watercourses with chemicals or used container.

AVOID ALL CONTACT WITH PLANT LIFE.

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

ALL BATS ARE PROTECTED UNDER THE WILDLIFE AND COUNTRYSIDE ACT 1981. BEFORE TREATING ANY STRUCTURE USED BY BATS, CONSULT ENGLISH NATURE, SCOTTISH NATURAL HERITAGE, THE COUNTRYSIDE COUNCIL FOR WALES OR THE DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT FOR NORTHERN IRELAND.

ADDITIONAL FOR PROFESSIONAL OPERATORS:

The (COSHH) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 may apply to the use of this product at work. Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable, in addition to the following items of personal protective equipment.

AVOID EXCESSIVE CONTAMINATION OF COVERALLS AND LAUNDER REGULARLY.

However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment, if a COSHH assessment shows they provide an equal or higher standard of protection.

This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

THIS PRODUCT IS APPROVED UNDER THE CONTROL OF PESTICIDES REGULATIONS 1986 FOR USE AS DIRECTED. HSE No. 7070.

PRECAUTIONS

Keep away from sources of ignition – No smoking.

WASH ALL CONTAMINATION from skin or eyes immediately.

WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before meals and after use.

VENTILATE TREATED AREAS THOROUGHLY after application.

UNTIL DRY, TREATED AREAS POSE A FIRE RISK.

Keep out of the reach of children.

Keep only in original container.

Keep container tightly closed.

KEEP IN A SAFE PLACE.

READ ALL PRECAUTIONS BEFORE USE